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APPLICATION NO.	· FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/634,313	08/05/2003	Chihiro Tsukamoto	03-522	7879
34704	7590 06/13/2005	•	EXAMINER	
	BACHMAN & LAPOINTE, P.C. 900 CHAPEL STREET		DOAN, ROBYN KIEU	
SUITE 1201	SUITEEL		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
NEW HAVE	N, CT 06510		3732	
			D. 777	-

DATE MAILED: 06/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<i></i>				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/634,313	TSUKAMOTO, CI	TSUKAMOTO, CHIHIRO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Robyn Doan	3732					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence ac	ddress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. I.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of th d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC ute, cause the application to become A	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered time DNTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09	<i>Μαγ 2005</i> .						
· _ ·							
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 16-22 is/are pending in the application	☑ Claim(s) <u>16-22</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16-22</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>16-22</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to th	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form P	TO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Ints have been received in initionity documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National	l Stage				
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		f Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 16-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kinseley et al in view of Oivenko et al.

With regard to claims 16-22, Kinseley et al discloses a fingernail remover (figs. 1-3) comprising a receptacle (11) formed with an open end (18, fig. 1) and a closed end and a cavity defined between the opened and closed ends (col. 4, lines 3-7), the open ends inherently receive nearly second joint of a user's finger, an absorbent (17) which is impregnated with a solvent being a nail polish remover which is acetone, the absorbent being bonded to the closed end (fig. 3) of the receptacle and disposed in the receptacle to absorb the solvent; the absorbent also having "suitable elasticity and flexibility", the receptacle being formed of flexible and airtight material (aluminum foil col. 2, line 67) into a sack shape (a sealed envelope claim 1) for receiving a tip of the user's finger; also since the receptacle being made of aluminum foil, it cannot be dissolved or softened by the solvent. It is noted that all the claimed structures has been

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shown, the shown fingernail remover inherently dissolves an artificial fingernail, therefore artificial fingernail is given no patentable weight. Kinseley et al does not disclose the material of the receptacle being formed of a resin consisting of polyethylene, the material of the absorbent being formed of cloth and the resin of the receptacle having a thickness of .005mm to 1.0 mm and the length of the absorbent being shorter than the receptacle. lovenko discloses a nail polish remover (figs. 1-4) comprising a receptacle (11) having an absorbent (12) within. The receptacle being formed by multi-layers (fig. 2) being made of polyethylene (col. 2, lines 30-32) and the absorbent being in a cylindrical shape and made of cotton woven which is cloth (col. 2, lines 68-71 and col. 3, line 1); also since the material of the receptacle being a resin and the material of the absorbent being cotton woven, therefore these materials cannot be dissolved or softened by the nail polish remover solvent. It would have been obvious to one having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the particular materials of the receptacle and the absorbent as taught by lovenko into the device of Kinseley et al for the intended use purpose and it would have been obvious to one having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the thickness of the receptacle being .005mm to 1.0 mm, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of the component. And it would also have been obvious to one having an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the length of the absorbent being shorter than the receptacle, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of the component. It is noted that

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Kinseley et al has shown the closed ends of the receptacle being adhered with the absorbent, Applicant has claimed it by heat-sealing or welding which is not given any patentable weight because the claim is an article claim.

Applicant has argued that the receptacle does not need the sealed structure along the whole edge before use and the absorbent does not contain solvent in advance. It is noted that Applicant has argued the process of making and using the device such as the sealed structure being along the whole edge before use and the absorbent does not contain solvent in advance, however, the intermediate process of making a device is not given patentable weight in an article claim. Applicant has also argued that the insertion of nearly second joint of user's finger is very important, however, Applicant has not positively claimed such step, therefore, the device of Kinseley is capable to receive a nearly second joint of the user' finger as claimed in claim 16.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robyn Doan whose telephone number is (571) 272-4711. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kevin Shaver can be reached on (571) 272-4720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Robyn Doan June 6, 2007

> John J. Wileen Primary Examiner